



# tubular and finned tubular elements









electric heating and controls

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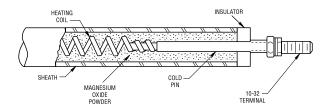
## Introduction

INDEECO designs and manufactures commercial and industrial electric heating and control systems that set the industry standard for excellence. The company's heating solutions reflect more than 70 years of innovation, product quality and efficient service.

Our product offering ranges from the tubular heating elements described in this catalog to the most sophisticated, custom designed system. INDEECO's attention to detail and rigorous testing give worldwide customers premium products that they receive quickly and at a fair market price.

## **Construction**

#### Standard Construction

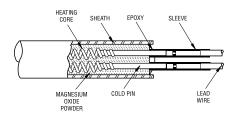


The cutaway view of a typical INDEECO tubular element shows its basic construction. A coil of the highest graderesistance wire (80% nickel, 20% chromium) is precisely centered in a heavy gauge metal tube while the tube is filled with granular magnesium oxide powder. Terminal pins are welded or silver soldered to the resistance coil at each end to provide an unheated length near the terminals and to secure the coil in the magnesium oxide. Through rolling, the diameter of this assembly is reduced and the magnesium oxide compacted, insuring rapid heat transfer from the coil to the sheath, as well as high dielectric strength.

After compaction, the element is processed in one of three ways:

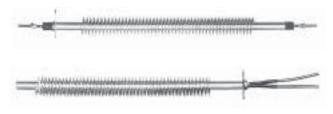
- Straight length elements are sealed and appropriate terminals applied.
- 2. Formed elements are annealed and bent before they are sealed and terminated.
- 3. Finned elements are wound with a helical fin before they are sealed and terminated.

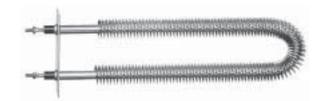
### **Two-Pass Construction**



For applications requiring both terminations at the same end, either a U-bent or a two-pass element may be used. Two-pass elements, as shown in the cutaway view, have a U-bent coil inside the sheath and two leads or terminals at one end. The opposite end is sealed by welding or silver soldering. These elements are available in straight lengths, either finned or unfinned. They can be permanently mounted with a variety of factory-furnished mounting methods (see page 12). By contrast, standard elements in straight lengths must have a flexible electrical connection at one end to allow for thermal expansion.

#### **Finned Construction**





**Standard Construction:** A corrugated 304 stainless steel fin is helically wound on a .475" diameter 304 stainless steel element. To insure a permanent bond, each end of the fin is tack-welded to the element sheath. The entire assembly then goes through a computer controlled atmosphere furnace. This process prepares the element to be bent into a variety of configurations. Standard fin density is five fins per inch, while eight fins per inch can be furnished when specified.

**Special Materials:** .475" diameter elements can be furnished with monel fins and/or sheath. There are a variety of other exotic materials available that are useful for unique applications. Contact your local sales representative or INDEECO for the appropriate material for your application.



# **Construction/Quality Control**

## **Construction Techniques**

INDEECO construction techniques are designed to insure high quality and long life.

- Rolling All standard diameter elements listed in this
  catalog are compacted through multi-stage rolls. This
  process insures uniform compaction of the magnesium
  oxide, a truly round cross section and a consistent diameter. This is critical if the element is being inserted into a
  machined hole.
- Terminal Construction A threaded 10-32 stainless steel
  terminal is welded onto the cold pin for the standard
  construction. This technique allows the use of a relatively
  small diameter pin since it is not carrying the element
  current at its most critical point: connection to field wiring.
  The smaller pin also results in greater electrical clearances
  between the pin and the sheath, which is critical at higher
  voltages.

Stainless steel nuts and washers are furnished for field wiring. This hardware fits up to an integral shoulder with two flat sides on the terminal. Using an end wrench on the flats will prevent the terminal from rotating when connecting field wiring.

The terminal insulator and seal must be suitable for the temperature, voltage and atmospheric conditions of the application. INDEECO offers a wide variety of terminals, insulators and seals to meet virtually any combination of field conditions (see pages 6 and 7).

Recompaction – In the process of bending, hairline cracks can develop in the compacted magnesium oxide. These cracks, in turn, can lead to overheating and coil failure, especially at high temperatures or high watt densities.
 To prevent such failures, we recompress most bends with a center-to-center diameter of 2" or less, eliminating cracks in the magnesium oxide.

## **Quality Control**

From raw materials through the finished product, INDEECO maintains the highest standards in the industry through a series of Quality Control/Assurance checks.

- Magnesium Oxide INDEECO uses only 96% pure MgO, the highest grade available for electric heating elements. Each batch is checked against two ASTM Standards:
   ASTM D3347 determines tap density to assure a high insulation density. ASTM D2755 is used for sieve analysis. Samples are sifted through ten progressively coarser sieves to assure a high concentration of larger grains, which have better thermal conductivity and dielectric strength. As a result, INDEECO elements have extremely high MgO density.
- Certification to Special Standards Elements can be certified to Military Standards such as MIL-H-22577C and MIL-H-22594A, and special customer specifications regarding tolerances, hydrostatic testing, etc. Please consult the factory for details.

## **UL and CSA Recognition**

Most of the elements described in this catalog are Recognized by the Underwriters Laboratories under UL Standard 1030. Our File No. is E78533. In addition, epoxy-sealed elements for refrigeration defrost are Recognized under File No. SA3254. Such recognition makes it simpler for manufacturers to incorporate INDEECO elements into equipment that is UL Listed. Tubular and finned tubular elements are also CSA approved under Report No. LR 11895-39. Please consult the factory for details.



# **Physical & Electrical Specifications**

## **Physical & Electrical Specifications**

## Table I

	Unfi	Unfinned Tubular Elements			Finned Tubular Elements		
Description	Sta	Standard		Standard	Two-Pass		
	.312"	.475"	.475"	.475"	.475"		
Sheath Materials(1) (Max Sheath Temp)		•					
Copper (seamless) (350° F)	Custom	Stock	Stock	N/A	N/A		
Steel (750° F)	N/A	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock		
304 SS (1400° F)	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock		
316 SS (1400° F)	Custom	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock		
Inconel 625 (1800° F)	N/A	Stock	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Incoloy 800 (1600° F)	Stock	Stock	Stock	N/A	N/A		
Incoloy 800 (seamless) (1600° F)	N/A	Custom	N/A	N/A	N/A		
321 SS (seamless) (1400° F)	N/A	Custom	N/A	N/A	N/A		
Monel 400 (1000° F)	N/A	Stock	Stock	Stock	Stock		
Sheath Diameters		•					
Minimum	.309"	.469"	.469"	.469"	.469"		
Maximum	.317"	.477"	.477"	.477"	.477"		
Nominal Wall Thickness(2)	.030"	.035"	.035"	.035"	.035"		
Sheath Lengths		•	•				
Minimum	11"	11"	11"	11"	11"		
Maximum	256"	256"	96"	256"	96"		
Sheath Length Tolerances	10	% of overall sheat	h length with a mi	nimum of 1/8" and a max	imum of 1"		
Cold Ends							
Minimum	1-1/2"	1-1/2"	1-1/2"	1-1/2"	1-1/2"		
Maximum	24"	28"	16"	28"	16"		
Maximum Current Draw	40	40	30	40	30		
Maximum Voltage	277	600	277	600	277		
Wattage Tolerance	+5/-10%	+5/-10%	+5/-10%	+5/-10%	+5/-10%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Stock - Material in stock.

Custom – Material is either stocked in small quantity or must be special ordered for each job.

<sup>(2)</sup> Other wall thicknesses available.

## Watt Density & Sheath Selection

## **Watt Density & Sheath Selection**

Watt density and sheath material are the two most critical factors affecting element life. Watt density (watts per square inch of heater surface area) determines heater operating temperature for a given set of conditions. The sheath material must be suitable for the corrosive conditions and the extreme temperatures of the application.

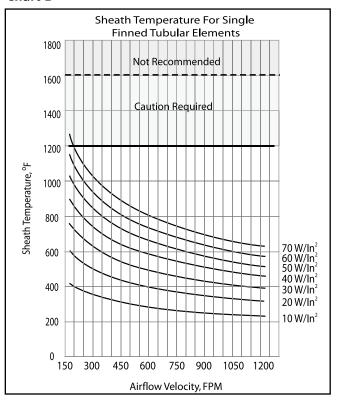
Watt density is calculated as follows:

Watt Density =  $\frac{\text{Element Wattage}}{3.14 \text{ x Element Diameter x Heated Length}}$ 

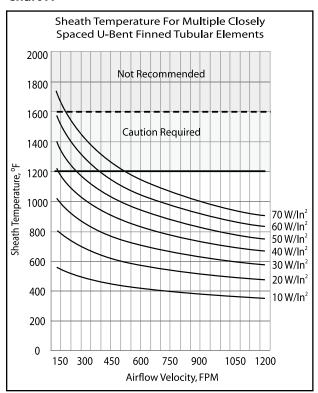
Element diameter and heated length are expressed in inches.

Heating Air and Other Gases – Charts A through C give maximum sheath temperatures for a range of watt densities and velocities. This data is based upon air at atmospheric pressure and a 75° F inlet air temperature. For higher inlet temperatures, the sheath temperature will increase accordingly. Contaminants in the air, while normally not affecting the sheath temperature, may require a more highly corrosion-resistant sheath and/or fin material. For heating compressed air and other gases, consult the factory or your local INDEECO representative for watt density and sheath recommendations.

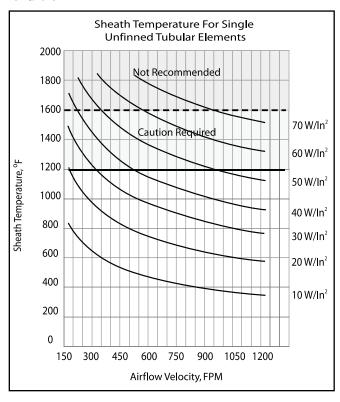
#### Chart B



#### Chart A



#### Chart C



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# **Watt Density & Sheath Selection**

**Heating Liquids** — Recommended watt densities and sheath materials for heating several common fluids are listed in Table II.

**Heating Metals** – Table III gives recommended watt densities and sheath selection for elements that are clamped or inserted. Allowable watt densities will vary with such factors as element fit in a machined opening and metal thickness.

This information should be used only as a guide. INDEECO cannot be responsible for heater failures due to corrosion or excessive temperatures in the application.

## Watt Density & Sheath Materials

#### Table II

Material	Maximum Fluid Temperature °F	Sheath Material	W/Sq. In.
Asphalt	300	Steel	5-9
Caustic Soda (50%)	180	304 SS	15
	100	Steel	55-60
Dowtherm A	200	Steel	40-50
Dowtherm A	300	Steel	20-35
	500	Steel	3-5
Ethylene Glycol	200	Steel	30-40
Fuel Oil, #5 & #6	200	Steel	5-12
Lube Oil, SAE 10-30	250	Steel	15-20
Lube Oil, SAE 40-50	160	Steel	5-12
Oakites	210	Steel	30-40
	500	Steel	25-30
Therminol 66	600	Steel	20-25
	650	Steel	10-15
Water Detable	100	Copper	75
Water-Potable	212	Incoloy	50-75
Water-Deionized	100	304 SS	75
water-Defonized	212	304 SS	50-75

For a comprehensive list of sheath materials compatible with fluids under a variety of conditions, refer to INDEECO Immersion Heater Catalog C70.

## Table III

Application	Maximum Metal Temperature °F	Recommended Watt Density W/Sq. In.	Recommended Sheath Material
	200	20	Steel
Clamped to Flat Metal Surface	200	30	304 SS
	400	20	304 SS
	200	25	Steel
	200	35	304 SS
Inserted into Machined Grooves	400	25	304 SS
or Holes	600	20	304 SS
	600	25	Incoloy
	800	15	Incoloy

# Terminals, Insulators & Seals

## **Terminals, Insulators & Seals**

Except as noted, various terminations, insulators and seals can be combined as required to fit the application.

### **Table IV**

Terminals	Description	Use
1. Threaded Terminal (Standard)	10-32 stainless steel stud with 9/16" threaded length	For lead attachment in the field. 40 amp, 600V rating
2. Threaded Terminal (Short)	10-32 stainless steel stud with 5/16" threaded length	For installations with tight clearance.
3. Threaded Terminal (Long)	10-32 stainless steel stud with 7/8" threaded length	For multiple leads and heavy bus bars.
4. Quick Connect Terminal	Standard quick connect configuration	For connection to matching female terminal on field furnished lead. 30 amp, 600V rating
5. Weld Nut	Tab is welded to terminal pin and furnished with 10-32 terminal screw	Where it is more convenient to use this terminal orientation.
6. Insulated Leads  ELEMENT SHEATH  L Element Dia.  1-1/4" .312"  1-3/4" .475" LEAD WIRE	Standard copper conductors insulated with 5/64" or 1/16", 90° C neoprene	Used primarily with epoxy waterproof seal (see No. 14) for defrost applications. Rated 480V at the following amperages:  18 gauge – 10 amps max  16 gauge – 15 amps max  12 gauge – 30 amps max
7. Silicone Insulated Leads  SHEATH EPOXY SILICONE RUBBER SLEEVING	Stranded nickel-clad copper leads with 1/32" silicone rubber insulation and glass braid	For higher temperature applications requiring a 200° C insulation. Rated 600V at the following amperages: 14 gauge – 20 amps 12 gauge – 30 amps
8. Type TGGT Leads  LEAD LENGTH SILICONE RUBBER SLEEVING LEAD WIRE	Stranded nickel-clad copper leads with Teflon – Glass – Glass – Teflon, 4-layer insulation	For applications requiring 250° C insulation. Rated 600V at the following amperages: 14 gauge – 20 amps 12 gauge – 30 amps

# Terminals, Insulators & Seals

Table IV (continued)

Terminals	Description	Use
9. Ceramic Terminal Block	10-32 female terminal tabs spot-welded to terminal pins running through ceramic block	For .475" diameter two-pass elements where temperature exceeds insulation limit or for convenience in attaching field furnished leads.  Rated 30 amps at 277V
10. Grounding Strap  STRAP  GROUND WIRE	To ground long straight single-pass finned tubular elements, eliminating arcing due to secondary currents	Recommended for straight single-pass finned tubular elements over 6' long.

Note: Terminations Nos. 1 through 8 are available on standard single-pass elements. Two-pass elements available with Nos. 9 and 15 only.

Terminal Insulators	Use
11. Silicone Rubber (Standard) SILICONE RUBBER INSULATOR	General applications where terminal temperatures do not exceed 400° F.  1/4" thick insulation furnished up to 250V; 1/2" thick up to 600V.  (Standard insulator unless otherwise specified)
12. Mica  MICA INSULATOR	Applications where terminal temperatures do not exceed 1000° F. 1/4" thick insulation furnished up to 250V; 1/2" thick up to 600V.

Note: Terminal insulators are used in conjunction with Terminals Nos. 1 through 5 on standard elements.

Terminal Seals	Description	Use
13. Epoxy Barrier	Epoxy resin is mostly absorbed by the magnesium oxide insulation, but a thick film forms a barrier against moisture	For applications where low to moderate humidity may be present in the terminal area. For use at 200° F maximum.
L Element Dia.  1-1/4" .312" .475" ELEMENT SHEATH  EPOXY CUP EPOXY CUP ELEMENT SHEATH  EPOXY CUP ELEMENT SHEATH  EPOXY CUP ELEMENT INSERT	Epoxy resin fills a metallic adapter enclosing the connection between lead wire and element terminal pin	Primarily defrost applications and others where water may drip on the terminal end. UL Recognized under File SA3254. Suitable for a maximum adapter temperature of 200° F.
15. Epoxy Barrier (for two-pass construction)  LEAD WIRE (SRG. STD.)  RUBBER  RUBBER  SLEEVE	Epoxy resin is mostly absorbed by the magnesium oxide insulation, but a thick film forms a barrier against moisture	For applications where low to moderate humidity may be present in the terminal area.  For use at 200° F maximum.
16. Hermetic Seal  COLD PIN  COLD PIN  COLD PIN  THREADED TERMINAL  THREADED TERMINAL  CAP GRADE A NICKEL  SHEATH  SLEEVE GRADE A NICKEL	Ceramic to metal hermetic seal is soldered to the element sheath and terminal pin. 1/4"-28 threaded terminal	Absolute seal up to 1000° F.

## **Bending**

Standard single-pass tubular elements may be bent in an infinite variety of configurations. Utilizing the most up-to-date computer numerical control (CNC) bending equipment and techniques, INDEECO is able to produce an element to fit virtually any application.

Bends that are less than 2" center-to-center are normally repressed on unfinned elements to recompact the magnesium oxide insulation, eliminating hairline cracks that may develop during bending.

Figures A through T show some of the configurations frequently specified. For configurations not shown, submit a drawing or sketch of your requirements. Any of these are available either finned or unfinned.

Table V

Sheath		Minimum Ben	ding <sup>(1)</sup> (Inches)	Center-To-Center Dimensions (Inches)		
Diameter (Inches)	Sheath Materials	Inside Radius	Center-To-Center Dimensions	Available For Repressing Dies For 180° Bends		
.312	Copper & Incoloy 800 304 SS	3/8 1/4	7/8 1	5/8, 11/16, 3/4, 1, 1-1/2, 2, 2-3/8, 2-1/2		
.475 Unfinned	Copper, Steel & Incoloy 800 304 & 316 SS Inconel 600 & Monel 400	1/2 1/4 3/8	1-1/4 1 1-1/2	1, 1-1/16, 1-1/8, 1-1/4, 1-3/8, 1-1/2, 1-5/8, 1-3/4, 1-7/8, 2, 2-1/4, 2-1/2		
.475 Finned	Steel 304 SS Monel 400		2 2 2	Not repressed. Bending dies are available in 1/8 increments from 2 through 3-1/2.		

<sup>(1)</sup> Contact factory for requirements below minimum bending dimensions shown.

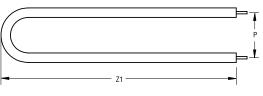


Figure A

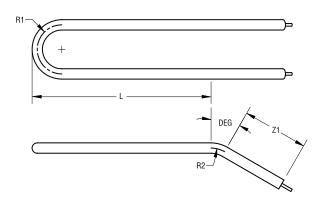
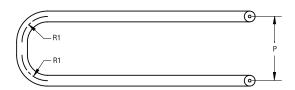


Figure B



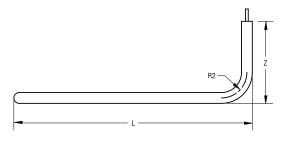


Figure C

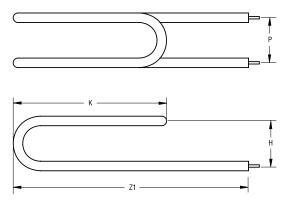
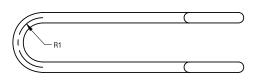


Figure D



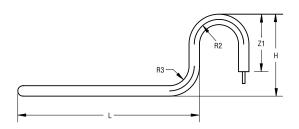
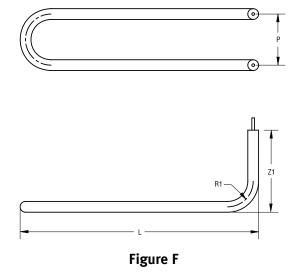


Figure E



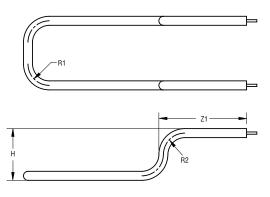


Figure G

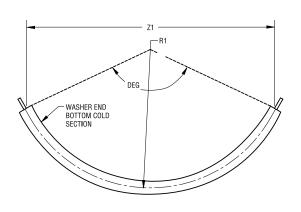
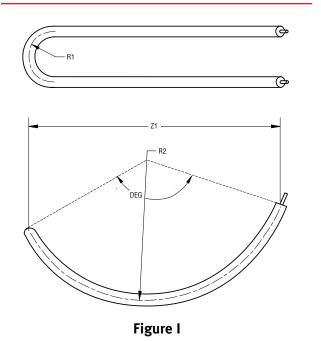
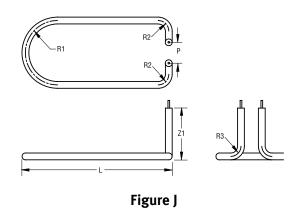


Figure H



INDEECO



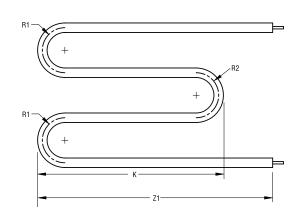
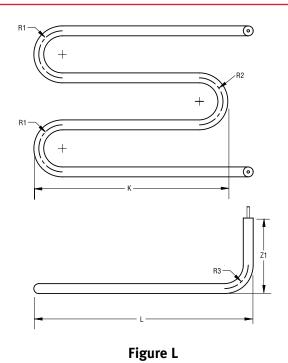


Figure K



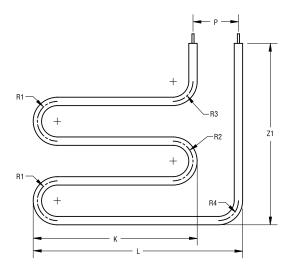


Figure M

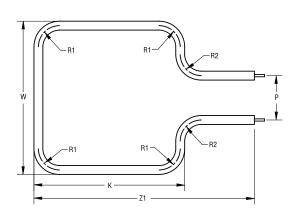


Figure N

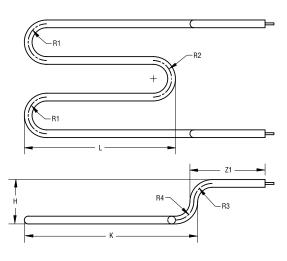
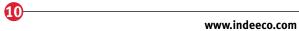


Figure O





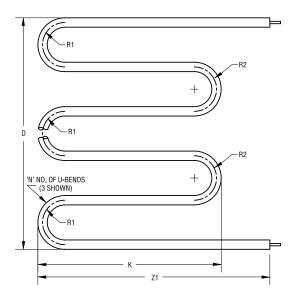


Figure P

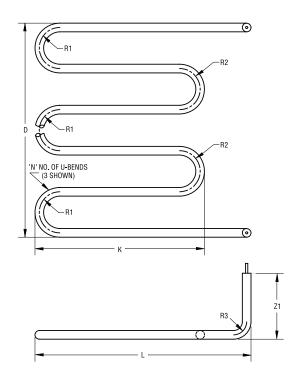


Figure Q

Note: Unheated section must not end in bend.

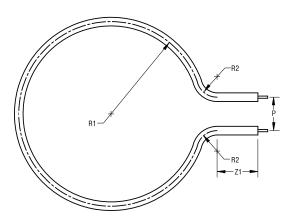


Figure R

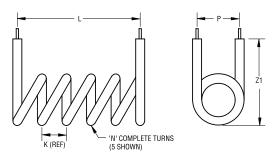


Figure S

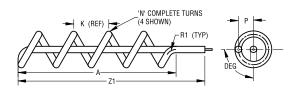


Figure T

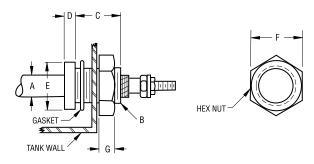
## **Mounting Accessories**

## **Mounting Accessories**

Two types are available: Threaded Fittings and Mounting Plates.

## **Threaded Fittings**

Threaded fittings are furnished with nuts and optional fiber gaskets, washers and lockwashers. They are designed for immersion applications. Fittings are silver soldered, welded or mechanically pressed (staked) to the sheath. Welding requires sheath and fitting material compatibility. Standard elements require two fittings, one for each terminal end. Two-pass elements require only one fitting.



Dimensional details shown in Table VI

#### Table VI

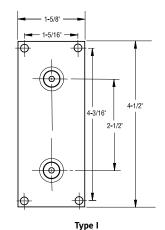
Fitting Part No.	Material	A	В	С	D	E	Hex Nut	(Inches)
ritting rait No.	Material	(Inches)	(Thread Size)	(Inches)	(Inches)	(Inches)	F	G
1007139	Brass	0.312	1/2 - 20	7/8	5/16	3/4	3/4	5/16
1007219	Brass	0.312	9/16 - 18	1/2	1/8	1	7/8	5/16
1007142	Brass	0.312	5/8 - 18	1/2	5/16	1	7/8	1/8
1007215	Steel	0.312	3/4 - 16	1-1/16	1/4	1	1	3/16
1007127	Brass	0.475	5/8 - 18	9/16	5/16	1	7/8	1/8
1007225	Brass	0.475	3/4 - 16	7/8	1/4	*1	1	1/8
1007228	Stainless	0.475	3/4 - 16	7/8	1/4	*7/8	7/8	1/8
1007279	Stainless	0.475	3/4 - 16	3/8	3/16	*1	7/8	1/8
1006846	***Steel	0.475	5/8 - 18	1/2	1/8	1	7/8	1/8
1000058	**Steel	0.475	3/4 - 16	1/2	1/8	*7/8	1	3/16
1007249	Steel	0.475	3/4 - 16	1-1/16	3/16	*1	1	3/16

<sup>\*</sup> These fittings have a hex flange instead of a round flange.

## **Mounting Plates**

Mounting plates provide a simple, convenient means of holding elements in place in an airstream and other applications where the element is not immersed in a liquid. Stainless steel plates are mechanically pressed (staked) or tack welded to stainless sheathed elements; copper-plated steel plates are brazed to steel sheathed elements.

The mounting plates shown to the right are for .475" diameter elements. Consult factory for .312" diameters.



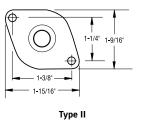


Table VII

Heating Element	Mounting Plate		
Configuration	Туре	Material	
2-1/2" C-C U-Bent	I	Steel	
2-1/2" C-C U-Bent	I	Stainless	
Straight or Two-Pass	II	Steel	
Straight or Two-Pass	II	Stainless	



<sup>\*\*</sup> This fitting is copper plated steel, normally furnished on finned tubular elements with palnut type locknuts standard. Gaskets are not furnished unless specified.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> This fitting is nickel plated steel, with palnut type locknuts standard.

# **Limited Warranty**

Industrial Engineering and Equipment Company (INDEECO) products are warranted against defects in workmanship, material, design, labeling and packaging. No other warranty, expressed or implied, written or oral, applies. No person other than an officer or the general manager of INDEECO is authorized to give any other warranty or assume any liability.

Warranty Period: This warranty is effective for eighteen months from the date of shipment of the product from INDEECO's factory, or for twelve months from the date the product is first placed in service, whichever period lapses first.

Conditions of Warranty: INDEECO products must be installed, operated and maintained in accordance with INDEECO's instructions. INDEECO is not liable for damage or unsatisfactory performance of the product resulting from accident, negligence, alteration, unauthorized repair, improper application or installation of the product, improper specifications or corrosion. INDEECO IS NOT LIABLE FOR ANY INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. Claims against carriers for damage in transit must be filed by the purchaser with the carrier.

**Remedy:** The part or product in question should be returned, freight prepaid, to:

#### **INDEECO**

425 Hanley Industrial Court St. Louis, Missouri 63144 Attention: Return Goods Manager

If after receipt of the product and the claim, INDEECO finds to its reasonable satisfaction that the product is defective in workmanship, material, design, labeling or packaging, the product will be repaired or replaced or the purchase price refunded at INDEECO's option. There will be no charge to the purchaser for parts or labor. Removal and reinstallation of the product, and shipment of the product to INDEECO for repair or inspection shall be at the purchaser's risk and expense.

THE REPAIR, REPLACEMENT OR REFUND PROVIDED FOR IN THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE PURCHASER. THIS WARRANTY IS EXPRESSLY IN LIEU OF ANY OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. THERE ARE NO WARRANTIES WHICH EXTEND BEYOND THE TERMS OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY.



## **INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING & EQUIPMENT CO.**

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